PRESIDENT SENDS A WARNING TO CUBA

Cabinet Conference Decides Upon Vigorous Measures.

STRONG LETTER TO SENOR QUESADA.

Cuban Congress Empowers President Palma to Proclaim War Against the Rebels by Tripling Government Forces—Warships For Cuba on Way.

IMPORTANT MOVES.

Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon sailed for Havana Sunday to investigate the situation and probably act as peacemakers.

In a letter to Senor Quesada, the Cuban minister, President Roosevelt warns the Cuban people that the United States will intervene if they "acquire the insurrectionary habit."

The Cuban Congress, in extra session, empowered President Palma to use all public funds needed to prosecute the war against the rebels.

The government's forces will be tripled, providing the men can be secured.

More warships are being hurried to Cuban waters with large forces of marines and rapid-fire guns.

The destruction by the rebels of a number of large plantations tobacco and sugar plantations, including the Henriguerz Central Company's Constancia plantation, near Cienfuegos, has quickened the desire for American intervention.

Alfredo Zayas, Liberal leader, wired the rebel commander to cease fighting pending negotiations for surrender of the American naval commander.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., (Special).—After a protracted conference with Secretary of War Taft, Acting Secretary of State Bacon and Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte, President Roosevelt addressed an important communication to Cuba and arranged to send Secretaries Taft and Bacon to that island on Sunday to make a thorough investigation of the conditions there and lend their influence to restore peace.

The communication is addressed to the Cuban Minister to the United States, Senator Quesada. It is an impassioned plea to Cuba to realize her responsibility as a self-governing republic and to restore peace in the island. Her attention is called in no uncertain language to the responsibility which the United States bears to the island, and the certainty that such responsibility will necessarily be exercised should peace not be preserved.

The President says he has certain information that the peace of the island is now menaced, and that American property has been destroyed.

The President's Letter.

The President's letter to Senor Quesada follows:

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1906.

My Dear Quesada:

In the crisis in the affairs of the Republic of Cuba I write you, not merely because you are the minister of Cuba accredited to this government, but because you and I were intimately drawn together at the time when the United States intervened in the affairs of Cuba with the result of making her an independent nation. You know how sincere my affection and admiration and regard for Cuba are.

You know that I never have done and never shall do anything in reference to Cuba save with such sincere regard for her welfare. You also know the pride I felt because it came to me as President to withdraw the American troops from the island of Cuba and officially to proclaim her independence and to wish her godspeed in her career as a free republic.

I desire now through you to say a word of solemn warning to your people, whose earnest well wisher I am. For seven years Cuba has been in a condition of profound peace and of steadily growing prosperity. For four years this peace and prosperity have obtained under her own independent government.

Her peace, prosperity and independence now menace her, for of all possible evils that can befall Cuba the worst is the evil of anarchy into which civil war and revolutionary disturbance will assuredly plunge her. Whoever is responsible for armed revolution and outrages, whoever is responsible in any way for the condition of the affairs that now obtains, is an enemy of Cuba, and doubly heavy is the responsibility of the man who, affecting to be the especial champion of Cuban independence, takes any step which will jeopardize that independence. For there is just one way in which Cuban independence can be secured, and that is for the Cuban people to show their ability to continue in their path of peaceful and orderly progress.

This nation asks nothing of Cuba save that it shall continue to develop as it has developed during the past seven years; that it shall know and practice the orderly liberty which will assuredly bring in every direction increasing measure of peace and prosperity to the beautiful Queen of the Antilles.

As To Intervention.

Our intervention in Cuban affairs will only come if Cuba herself shows that she has fallen into the insurrectionary habit; that she lacks the self-restraint necessary to peaceful self-government, and that her contending factions have plunged the country into anarchy.

I solemnly adjure all Cuban patriots to band together to sink all differences and personal ambitions, and to remember that the only way that they can preserve the independence of the republic is to prevent the necessity of outside interference by rescuing it from the anarchy of civil war. I earnestly hope that this word of admonition of mine, given in the name of the American people, the staunchest friends and well-wishers of Cuba that there are in all the world, will be taken as it is meant, will be seriously considered, and will be acted upon, and if so acted upon Cuba's permanent independence, her permanent success as a republic, are assured.

The President's Duty.

Under the treaty with the United States government I as President of the United States have a duty in this matter which I cannot shirk. The third article of that treaty explicitly confers upon the United States the right to intervene for the maintenance in Cuba of a government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty. The treaty conferring this right is the supreme law of the land, and diminishes me with the right and the need of fulfilling the obligation that I am under to protect American interests.

The information at hand shows that the social bonds throughout the island have been so relaxed that life, property and individual liberty are no longer safe. I have received authentic information of injury to and destruction of American property that is, in my judgment, imperative for the sake of Cuba that there shall be an immediate cessation of hostilities and some arrangement which will secure the permanent pacification of the island.

I am sending to Havana the secretary of war, Mr. Taft, and the assistant secretary of state, Mr. Bacon, as the special representatives of this government, who will render such aid as is possible toward these ends. I had hoped that Mr. Root, the secretary of state, could have stopped in Havana on his return from South America, but the seeming imminence of the crisis forbids further delay.

Through you I desire in this way to communicate with the Cuban government and with the Cuban people, and, accordingly, I am sending you a copy of this letter to be presented to President Palma, and have also directed its immediate publication.

Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Senor Don Gonzalo de Quesada, the Cuban Minister.

PALMA HEEDS THE WARNING.

His Final Effort To Restore Peace In Cuba.

Havana (Special).—The government Sunday evening is making final strenuous efforts to restore peace in Cuba and thus avoid any talk of American intervention. The object of these endeavors, it is stated, is that it may be able to say by the time Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon arrive that peace has already been secured, and that, therefore, there is no need for the American government's intervention, either to restore peace or insure permanent tranquility.

Members of the government say that they are making the efforts in accordance with the advice contained in President Roosevelt's letter; that they have no objection to the friendly assistance of the United States in the matter if it becomes necessary, but that they believe they can settle it between the government and the revolutionists without the necessity of any intervention. At least, they say, they are making an attempt to accomplish this end unaided, and with fair prospects of success.

This is the latest phase of a rapidly changing situation that developed late Sunday afternoon, when an extraordinary gazette was issued containing a proclamation signed by President Palma on the recommendation of the secretary of public works, Montalvo.

Object To Sunday Mail.

Hackensack, N. J. (Special).—The Hackensack postoffice was recently placed in the first class, and Postmaster William Jeffers established Sunday collection by carriers. The new order, while meeting the commendation of business men, is criticized by some of the more strict sabbatarians as unnecessary infringement upon the day.

Tragedy In Washington.

Washington (Special). — Joseph Paolewcki, a shoemaker, 32 years old, shot and killed Lucy Dodge, 17 years old, and then attempted to take his own life. The tragedy occurred on the sidewalk. Paolewcki fired three shots at the girl, one of the shots passing through her heart and killing her. He immediately turned the pistol on himself and inflicted a serious wound in the chest.

Lynched For Cutting Man.

Houston, Texas (Special). — One hundred formers hanged Mitchell Frazier, a negro, at Rosebud, because he pushed Frank Hess, a white farmer, from a walk. Hess struck the negro and the latter used a knife on Hess. The mob stormed the town prison. Mayor Silpling tried to stop them. They pushed him aside, and, breaking in the door, took the negro to a scaffold supporting tank and hanged him.

Killed By An Automobile.

Bordentown, N. J. (Special).—John Robinson, a colored boy, and an orphan, aged 14 years, was struck and killed by being hit with an automobile on the outskirts of Bordentown. The boy was found by Albert Harkel, of 1504 Broad Street, Trenton, who hailed an automobile coming from Trenton to Bordentown, which was owned and driven by H. J. Kernan, of 1269 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., who picked up the boy and brought him into Bordentown. He was taken to a physician.

Wife Promised Support.

Philadelphia (Special). — White and bent with age, Victor Alibi, nearly 80 years of age, weepingly told the court when arraigned on charges of failing to support his wife that his wife promised to support him when she proposed marriage, two months ago. "He deceived me as to the property he owned," declared Mrs. Alibi, who appeared only slightly younger than her husband.

Palma's Decree.

The decree follows:

"All campaign operations are suspended, and in consequence the government forces will act only on the defensive throughout the republic. The secretary of the interior will issue all the necessary orders for the execution of this decree."

A band of Pulajanes surprised the colored troops near Bava, Leyte, killing two and wounding eight. The soldiers finally routed the fanatics, killing and wounding many.

THE NORTH MAGNETIC POLE IS LOCATED

Triumph of the Discoverer of Northwest Passage.

CAPTAIN AMUNDSEN AT SEATTLE.

Norwegian Navigator Who Has Been Three Years in the Polar Seas Arrives on Pacific Coast After His Journey Through the Long-sought Northwest Passage.

Seattle, Wash. (Special).—Captain Ronald Amundsen, discoverer of the Northwest Passage, reached Seattle on the steamship Saratoga from Nome. He was met by a committee of the Commerce and the local Norwegian societies.

Owing to his desire to reach the government observatory at Sitka to complete his magnetic observations, Captain Amundsen sailed for Sitka as the steamer Jefferson a short time after his arrival.

My observations extend over a period of three years, and it will take three years to calculate them," said he. "Until that time it is utterly impossible to say positively what I have accomplished by my observations.

"I believe, however, that I have found the north magnetic pole, I am not say as yet whether it is a shifting point or extends over a large area.

"We also took careful observations of the aurora borealis, and it is believed my observations will show that this phenomena has marked effect on the compass. Our zoological and ethnological collection has been carefully attended to and is fairly complete."

Valuable scientific instruments used by Captain Amundsen in taking magnetic observations were not found when he left the steamship Saratoga. It was at first thought they had been stolen, but he later said they had probably been left in Nome.

Their loss may seriously interfere with his magnetic observations.

"OH I LOVED HIM!"

Dying Words Of A Girl Who Believed She Had Been Jilted.

New York (Special). — "I loved him; oh, I loved him!" These were the dying words of Tillie Shoul, a pretty 19-year-old girl, who, fearing that her fiance had jilted her, swallowed a large quantity of carbolic acid at her home, 190 Madison Avenue, Jersey City.

She was found lying on the floor of her room by her mother, who was attracted by her sobs. Near her was an empty vial, which has contained the poison.

The girl was hastily taken to the City Hospital, and as the doctors were carrying her through the portals she moaned her motive, gave a sigh and closed her eyes in death.

The police are trying to find the young man. The parents of the girl say they do not know of any love affair of their daughter that would have inspired such an act.

MUST BE ROAST BEEF.

Packers Make An Unsuccessful Appeal To The President.

Washington (Special). — "Roast beef" will continue to be called "roast beef" on the lables under the new Meat Inspection Law, with the provision that immediately after the name there is placed a description of how the meat is prepared, whether actually roasted, or parboiled and then roasted. This decision was reached at a conference which the Chicago packers, represented by James E. Wilson, had with Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. Senator Hopkins, of Illinois, was also present. The packers desired to have the designation "roast beef" remain on the label unqualified, and when this privilege was denied them by the department, they took the matter to Oyster Bay. The President referred them back to the Secretary of Agriculture.

Foreign.

A bogus message of sympathy to the widow of General Min, in Stockholm, purporting to have been sent by King Edward, has caused a stir among diplomatic circles.

A movement has been started to supplement the Anglo-French entente by one between Russia and the anti-Jap-Japanese alliances by a Franco-Japanese agreement.

It has been determined to reopen the Russian universities and end the drastic changes in the educational system, which has lasted two years.

The Turkish government has sent a note to Greece and Bulgaria declaring attention to Bulgaria's warlike preparations.

There has been more fighting between the Dominican government troops and the rebels and Monte Christi is besieged.

The Russian Czarina and the heir-apparent, Alexis, have left Finland for the Crimea.

The Russian Duma has been appointed commander-in-chief of all the Japanese forces in active service.

Ex-Governor Francis presented the St. Louis Exposition medals to King Frederick of Denmark.

Former Premier Witte of Russia will have to undergo a dangerous surgical operation.

Earthquake shocks in several parts of Sicily have caused a panic among the people.

An Jewish agitation is afoot in Odessa, a proclamation issued by the "Union of Russian People," urging the people to exterminate Jews.

Santos Dumont's new aeroplane broke down in transit, fell rapidly, and the aeronaut had a narrow escape.

The Chilian volcano is in full eruption and more earthquake shocks have been experienced between the Provinces of Santiago and Manle.

Ninety thousand German troops were engaged in the concluding military maneuvers in Prussia. The Emperor himself was in the saddle 10 hours.

All European powers, with the exception of England and Switerland, have united in a movement to stamp out terrorism.

Thirty Bulgarians are reported to have been killed at Samallova in a conflict with Greeks and armed Turkish peasants.

An operation was performed on the Duchess of Fife, eldest daughter of King Edward.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

Domestic.

At the unveiling of the McKinley statue in Columbus, O., there was a panic among the crowd just as Governor Harris had begun his speech. A woman standing in front of the stand with Mrs. Nicholas Longworth was seated fainted, and in the effort to carry her out the crowd became unmanageable. No one was seriously hurt.

New counsel in the Thaw case appeared when John H. Ieslin, former assistant district attorney, called at the Tombs and registered as associate counsel for Harry K. Thaw, the murderer of Stanford White. Mr. Ieslin was closeted with Thaw for an hour.

The body of H. K. Wampole, a wealthy Philadelphia manufacturer of chemicals, was found in Goat River, New York. He had been missing for several days. It is believed he committed suicide.

Two men were arrested in Chicago on the charge of selling bogus bonds. Surrounding the arrest of Dr. W. Turver, of Buffalo, is a mystery which is baffling to the police. Dr. Turver conducts a private maternity hospital and is under indictment for illegitimate practices. On the days ago the body of Miss Edith Pinner was shipped to Hoboken, N. J. It is believed she died as the result of a criminal operation in Dr. Turver's hospital.

The trial of Cornelius P. Shea and 16 other officials of the labor organizations of Chicago who were convicted of participating in the strike of 1905 began. The cases have been pending in the Circuit Court of Cook county since June, 1905. The prediction is made that the trials will consume a year's time and cost $40,000.

In an interview in Pittsburg, President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, heartily indorsed President Roosevelt's stand in signing the pure food bill.

There was a lively fist fight on the deck of the steamship Graf Waldersee, in which a number of Polish immigrants were the participants.

After being a fugitive from justice for nearly a year, Cedville B. Mayo, cashier of the Bank of Hayti, Mo., returned and surrendered.

At Denver, Col., Alva Adams, of Pueblo, was nominated by the Democratic convention for governor by acclamation.

Dissatisfied stockholders of the Pullman Company are asking for a distribution of the accumulated large surplus.

Col. W. H. Knauss, of Columbus, O., was elected surgeon-in-chief of the Veterans' Legion.

The United States Rubber Company has established a branch in Great Britain.

Connecticut is reported to have raised an unprecedented tobacco crop.

At Albany, N. Y., articles of incorporation of the Commercial Cable Company of Cuba was filed with the secretary of state. It is organized with a capital of $100,000 to operate telegraphic communication between New York and Havana by way of Florida and Key West.

At Findley, O., a plea of "not guilty" was entered in the Probate Court by John D. Rockefeller on the charge of violating the Anti-trust Law through the Standard Oil Company. Mr. Rockefeller was not personally in court. He pleaded through an attorney.

Lightning struck a flagpole on a 16-story building in New York. The employes of the Butterick Pattern Company, many girls, were for a minute thrown into a panic.

Because she would not sign a property that belonged to his dead son, Harry Diamond, aged 23 years, shot and killed Mrs. Bertha Cohen, his mother-in-law.

Former Congressman Theodore A. Bell was nominated for governor of California by the State Democratic Convention at Sacramento.

Atlantic City was chosen as the place for the next convention of the Order of Hoo-Hoos.

Seven persons were killed in a railroad collision at Ringgold, Ga.

Twelve persons were killed in a wreck on the Canadian Pacific Railroad at Sudbury.

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BEATEN TO DEATH WITH A HATCHET

A Farmer's Wife Murdered Near Media, Pa.

THE HUSBAND UNDER SCRUTINY.

During the Absence of Her Husband Mrs. E. H. Pavitt Was Attacked and Killed by an Unknown Assailant—Her Body Was Crushed Almost Into a Pulp.

Media, Pa., (Special).—Mrs. E. H. Pavitt, wife of a farmer, was beaten to death at her home, in Marple township, near here, with a hatchet in the hands of an unknown assailant during the absence of her husband. Her body with the head crushed almost into a pulp was found lying on the kitchen floor by her husband upon his return from Chester, where he had gone on dispose of a load of farm produce.

When the husband reached his home, after an absence of three hours, he found all the windows closed and the front door locked. Entering through the kitchen door, he discovered the body of his wife, stretched full length upon the floor in a pool of blood. A hatchet belonging to the farmer was lying near the body. The blade and handle were covered with blood and the walls of the room were spattered. The woman had died after a terrific struggle, as the evidence of the room indicated. The murderer had evidently left the house after him. Pavitt notified his neighbors after finding the crime. In a short time a posse of them had been organized, and a few hours later William Kelson, a neighbor of years, was taken into custody on suspicion. Kelson denies all knowledge of the crime. The coroner and district attorney visited the farmhouse as soon as they were informed of the murder.

A negro answering Kelson's description was seen loitering near the farm about 9 o'clock A. M.

The negro proved an alibi and was released. Meantime the authorities are investigating the movements of Pavitt, whose statements, they say, are not entirely borne out by facts. Pavitt told the coroner that he experienced some difficulty in opening the kitchen door because his wife's body lay against it. Under the coroner measure, the distance from the door to where the body had apparently lain and said it would not have prevented the door from opening.

Pavitt said also that his wife spoke to him when he entered the room, but the coroner's physician declares the condition of the body of the woman had been dead at least four or five hours. Pavitt said he left home for Chester at 11 o'clock. He was in Chester at 11 o'clock. His wife was in bed, he said, when he departed.

THE MNERS WIN.

Deitry Secures Back Pay For His Men To April, 1905.

Wilkesbarre, Pa. (Special).—At a meeting of the conciliation board here President Deitry, of the Seventh District, U. M. W., secured for the men at the Cranberry colliery of A. Pardee & Co., after a three years struggle. He secured for them back pay from April 1, 1902.

The company put in force a scale of wages by which the inside hands, including engineers, mule drivers, runners, were reduced in wages about 10 per cent. This decision was reached the company contended, was for an allowance which had formerly been made for oil. The men, however, insisted that for three years prior to April 1, 1902, they were paid a certain rate for work, with no mention of an allowance for oil. The reduction went into effect April 1, 1902.

The demand of the Grassy Island miners of the Delaware and Hudson Company, for a restoration of reduction against men working in certain veins, two years ago, by which the reduction was reached. No word has been received from Empire Neill in regard to the Scranton miners' strike for increase for adjustment. The next meeting of the board will be held here on September 24.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S PERIL.

President's Daughter Thrown From Vehicle—Not Badly Hurt.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., (Special).—While Miss Ethel Roosevelt was driving down from Sagamore Hill here this morning her horse became unmanageable and, bolting down the road, wrecked the buggy. Miss Roosevelt was thrown out, but, escaped without injury. The accident occurred near P. L. Forn's place, and Miss Roosevelt, after resting a few minutes at the house, ordered a groom who had captured the runaway to hitch the same horse to another carriage, and drove back to the Hill. Miss Roosevelt's brother, Kermit, unaware of the accident, for a short time afterward also drove back to the village. She bore not the slightest trace of the excitement from which she escaped so fortunately.

Missing Man Located.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—W. A. Jones, cashier of the Hope Mills Bank, a branch of the Bank of Fayetteville, N. C., who disappeared 10 days ago, was located at Crewe, Va., where he has been holding a position in the gentlemen's office of the Norfolk and Western. The news came in a message to his father, all previous efforts to locate him having proved futile. His accounts are found to be straight and no cause is known for his disappearance.

Killed His Mother-in-Law.

New York (Special).—Because she would not give up property that belonged to his dead wife, Harry Diamond, 23 years old, and instantly killed Mrs. Bertha Cohen, his mother-in-law, and then shot himself. Diamond had made several attempts to get from his mother-in-law jewelry valued at $500 that was the property of his wife. Mrs. Cohen steadfastly refused to give up the articles, and the tragedy resulted. Diamond is in Bellevue Hospital in a dying condition.

AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

Some Interesting Happenings Briefly Told.

The Interstate Commerce Commission announced that it would take under consideration the petition for a waiver on the 30-day notice provision of the Railway Rate Law regarding intended changes in cotton rates.

The Parkersburg and Ohio Bridge Company of Parkersburg, W. Va., applied to the Secretary of War for permission to erect a bridge across the Ohio River at Parkersburg.

A conference was held between the Interstate Commerce Commission and representatives of the coastwise steamship companies in reference to the new rate law.

The Department of Agriculture is conducting experiments with a view to the profitable manufacture of alcohol from cornstalks and corncobs.

Justice Peckham, of the United States Supreme Court, is said to contemplate retirement. He will be succeeded by Attorney General Moody.

The Engene H. Plumacher, American consul at Maracaibo, has made an interesting report on his experiments with leper patients there.

Exports from Porto Rico are twice as large as in the preceeding year.

The Interstate Commerce Commission was asked to modify that provision of the law requiring railways to give 30 days' notice by publication before changing rates. The railways claim that the present rate on cotton is governed by the English markets, and declare that so great are the fluctuations in rates asked by reason of the abundance or scarcity of bottoms for ocean carrying that it would be an utter impossibility to obey the law and maintain an export through rate.

The Treasury Department declined to issue its work on the coinage of silver bullion, the lowest offer being 68.87 cents an ounce. This is 2 cents over the price obtained by the government 30 days ago, when it began buying the metal.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, expresses himself as satisfied with the opposition of the Federation to the re-election of Congressman Littlefield.

The commissioner General of Immigration has decided that the chorus girls imported by Director Conried are artists, and not contract laborers.

A. Danelisan, an Armenian, was arrested for trying to bribe Immigrant Inspector Garbarino to let in two Armenians.

Col. William S. Stanton, Corps of Engineers, was put on the retired list.

CANT EAT OR DRINK.

Unfortunate Plight Of A New Jersey Woman.

Passaic, N. J. (Special). — Physicians here are puzzled by the case of Mrs. Abram Tuck, 76 years old, of 62 Linden Street, who for 15 days and nights has been unable to take food or drink. Early in June Mrs. Tuck was troubled with indigestion and when she recovered refused all but cream and milk, insisting that all other foods were poison to her.

She lived on bread and milk until two weeks ago, when she became unable to eat even that. Early in June Mrs. Tuck was troubled with indigestion and when she recovered refused all but cream and milk, insisting that all other foods were poison to her.

She lived on bread and milk until two weeks ago, when she became unable to eat even that. Since then she has been able to eat even that simple food or even to drink water. She had no symptoms of disease and was able to do her housework until last Sunday. She has been unable to stand alone. She cannot retain any medicine given her and the doctors are powerless.

The woman suffers no pain, but is gradually wasting away. Her husband has been sent, said that she did not weigh more than 35 pounds. Her case is exciting considerable interest among physicians.

AMBASSADOR SLIGHTED.

Mr. Francis Not Invited To An Event At Budapest.

Vienna, (By Cable).—According to a report published in the Budapest newspaper Anap, the State Department at Washington has advised Ambassador Francis that he is not to attend the unveiling of the Washington monument at Budapest because the committee in charge of the ceremonies failed to invite Ambassador Charles S. Francis.

Mr. Chester, however, could only be present in his private capacity, not being entitled to perform any official function at the ceremony. But as the American Embassy here it was stated that nothing was known regarding the matter, and that Ambassador Ambassador Francis has not been invited.

The Hungarian government will be represented at the unveiling by Premier Wekerle, minister of commerce Josesh Rosuth and Minister of Worship Apponyi.

MANY DEAD IN WRECK.

A Terrific Crash On the Canadian Pacific.

Sudbury, Ont. (Special).—Twelve persons are known to be dead and there were a score injured in a head-on collision between two Canadian Pacific local passenger trains at Azilda, seven miles west of Sudbury.

The third section of a harvester's train was standing at Azilda waiting for the eastbound passenger, the fast train came along and crashed into it headon.

FINANCIAL WORLD.

Reading bulls say it will cross Pennsylvania this week.

West Jersey & Seashore directors declared the regular semi-annual three per cent. dividend.

The time which ended April 30 in the American Smelting & Refining Company earned net $10,161,000, an increase of $1,262,000. The amount available for the dividend on the $50,000,000 of common stock was $5,274,000, or a little more than 10½ per cent.

Missouri Pacific's gross earnings in the fiscal year 1906 were $44,566,000, a gain of $1,401,000, while net profits were $14,284,000, an increase of $1,262,000.

A foreign dispatch said that German capitalists had offered to buy the Bank of Russia for $300,000,000.

Atchison directors met, but took no action on the dividend, but it is predicted that the rate will be increased next month.

A director of the Republic Iron & Steel Co. says the net earnings of the corporation for the current calendar year will be between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. H. MOSS,
Attorney-at-Law
Courts—State and Supreme U. S.
Practice in the Courts of Appomattox and Nelson.

CLARENCE J. CAMPBELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
Practice in the Courts of Appomattox and Nelson.

AUBREY E. STROUD,
Attorney-at-Law,
Offices: Amherst and
Lynchburg, Va.
COURTS: Amherst, Appomattox, Campbell, Nelson, Bedford and adjoining Counties. Will practice in the Courts of Buckingham.

SAMUEL PATTESON, C. HORSLEY PATTESON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Buckingham, Va.
PATTESON & PATTESON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Buckingham, Va.
Courts—State and Federal. All business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention.

A. H. CLEMENT,
Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public.
Practice in the Courts of Appomattox, Buckingham, Campbell and Amherst.
Offices: Appomattox and Amherst.

R. C. MANN,
CONSTABLE APPOMATTOX,
WEST APPOMATTOX, Va.
All business entrusted to me will receive faithful attention. The Insurance Company is surety on my bond.

J. L. CHENAULT,
...AUCTIONEER...
OFFICE AT J. R. ATWOOD'S STORE,
WEST APPOMATTOX, VA.
Appomattox and Prince Edward Counties.

W. D. DUPUID,
Successor to Geo. A. Dalgish & Son
Licensed Embalmer
—AND—
Funeral Director,
LYNCHBURG, VA.
Long distance 'Phone, 311.

WISE WORDS.

A soft voice may come out of a hard heart.

No life is more costly than the worthless one.

The woman man is the last to think of lecturing on courage.

No man has eternal life who is willing to keep it to himself.

It takes more than rose water to make the finest bloom as one.

A man does not make or hay by letting the grass grow under his feet.

It's better to have your feet on the rock than your head in the clouds.

You can always tell a bog, even in a silk hat, by the way he roots for dirt.

The uncontrollable tongue does not have to work long to tell all it knows.

Dreaming of great deeds is one thing the doing of thousands of little good deeds.

They often find the wellspring in the wilderness who seek the wanderer there.

There are too many preachers trying to make bread of life without the leaven.

The world would get a good deal lift if we were as scrupulous about the things that come out of our mouths as we are about those that go in.—Ram's Horn.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Pope is said to be much troubled by gout.

John D. Rockefeller says his fortune is less than one-third of a billion dollars.

James Henry Smith, the gifted Boston author, has unchingly denounced the self-divorced wife of William Rhinelander Stewart.

All the property possessed by Mr. Seddon, Premier of New Zealand, who died recently, was a $1000 life insurance policy.

Dr. Frederick Hegar, the foremost Swiss composer, has retired from public life after forty years' activity as conductor.

King Edward left Marienbad for London; Dr. Ali issued a statement saying that his Majesty was in excellent health and spirits.

Colonel Randolph Hearst has given Abraham Lincoln's farm at Oconomowoc, Wis., to the public as a national park. The property comprises sixty acres.

Colonel Henry Mapleson, the operatic and dramatic manager has just received the Cross of the Legion of Honor from the French Government.

A friend of Senator Depew's said that the latter was so far recovered from the burns received in a head-on collision between two Canadian Pacific passenger trains at Azilda, seven miles west of Sudbury.

The third section of a harvester's train was standing at Azilda waiting for the eastbound passenger, the fast train came along and crashed into it headon.

CANT EAT OR DRINK.

Unfortunate Plight Of A New Jersey Woman.

Passaic, N. J. (Special). — Physicians here are puzzled by the case of Mrs. Abram Tuck, 76 years old, of 62 Linden Street, who for 15 days and nights has been unable to take food or drink. Early in June Mrs. Tuck was troubled with indigestion and when she recovered refused all but cream and milk, insisting that all other foods were poison to her.

She lived on bread and milk until two weeks ago, when she became unable to eat even that. Since then she has been able to eat even that simple food or even to drink water. She had no symptoms of disease and was able to do her housework until last Sunday. She has been unable to stand alone. She cannot retain any medicine given her and the doctors are powerless.

The woman suffers no pain, but is gradually wasting away. Her husband has been sent, said that she did not weigh more than 35 pounds. Her case is exciting considerable interest among physicians.

AMBASSADOR SLIGHTED.

Mr. Francis Not Invited To An Event At Budapest.

Vienna, (By Cable).—According to a report published in the Budapest newspaper Anap, the State Department at Washington has advised Ambassador Francis that he is not to attend the unveiling of the Washington monument at Budapest because the committee in charge of the ceremonies failed to invite Ambassador Charles S. Francis.

Mr. Chester, however, could only be present in his private capacity, not being entitled to perform any official function at the ceremony. But as the American Embassy here it was stated that nothing was known regarding the matter, and that Ambassador Ambassador Francis has not been invited.

The Hungarian government will be represented at the unveiling by Premier Wekerle, minister of commerce Josesh Rosuth and Minister of Worship Apponyi.

MANY DEAD IN WRECK.

A Terrific Crash On the Canadian Pacific.

Sudbury, Ont. (Special).—Twelve persons are known to be dead and there were a score injured in a head-on collision between two Canadian Pacific local passenger trains at Azilda, seven miles west of Sudbury.

The third section of a harvester's train was standing at Azilda waiting for the eastbound passenger, the fast train came along and crashed into it headon.

FINANCIAL WORLD.

Reading bulls say it will cross Pennsylvania this week.

West Jersey & Seashore directors declared the regular semi-annual three per cent. dividend.

The time which ended April 30 in the American Smelting & Refining Company earned net $10,161,000, an increase of $1,262,000. The amount available for the dividend on the $50,000,000 of common stock was $5,274,000, or a little more than 10½ per cent.

Missouri Pacific's gross earnings in the fiscal year 1906 were $44,566,000, a gain of $1,401,000, while net profits were $14,284,000, an increase of $1,262,000.

A foreign dispatch said that German capitalists had offered to buy the Bank of Russia for $300,000,000.

Atchison directors met, but took no action on the dividend, but it is predicted that the rate will be increased next month.

A director of the Republic Iron & Steel Co. says the net earnings of the corporation for the current calendar year will be between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000.

A WOMAN'S WAY.

Pride Versus Love.

By ANNIE BEATLEY.

Clarissa Blois was happy that morning, very happy, and the sunshine flooding the room was not brighter than that which glowed in her own heart. For to-morrow whom she had not seen for three long months, was expected home, and the ancient mansion which had recently become home.

She wandered on over the heath, informed into a garden of beauty she admired purple heather and yellow gorse, drinking in with rapt eyes the loveliness of the scene around—all new and fresh to her.

Behind, nestling in a wooded bay, lay the old fishing town of Tarbois, on one side she caught glimpses of the blue ocean, on the other the sandy hills and bracken, and was soon lost in sight, dreaming of her future with Dr. Edwin Talbot bore a significant part.

Clarissa's dreamy reflections were interrupted by the flight of a lark, now that the sunshine had gone, and she started from her reverie by a distant peal of thunder. Looking up in dismay, she saw that heavy threatening clouds had effaced the blue of the sky, and that a tempest was about to burst over the near future.

Clarissa, a nervous dread of thunderstorms, and to be caught in it out here on the lovely moor was anything but cheering.

She began to retrace her steps hurriedly, hoping to be able to reach the road and take shelter in some farm-house before the storm broke. But soon found it would be impossible.

The clouds grew rapidly darker, the thunder louder and more incessant, huge drops of rain commenced to fall.

In Clarissa's relief, she espied in a hollow a tiny cottage which she had passed unnoticed before. She ran down the path and knocked, and a pleasant-faced young woman bade her welcome to the shelter of her little home.

Clarissa's relief, she espied in a hollow a tiny cottage which she had passed unnoticed before. She ran down the path and knocked, and a pleasant-faced young woman bade her welcome to the shelter of her little home.

"Oh, yes, I'm a great deal more than that," interrupted Edwin. "I have every right to the name I bear. When General Talbot's dead and the money's mine, I'll be a millionaire, and then I'll ask you to be my wife. Will you promise me that, Clare?"

"Yes, I will be